



## TKG Perspective

### Watch for Us

#### Teaching/Speaking Engagements

**Financial Managers Society**  
Philadelphia Chapter  
Philadelphia, PA **February 9**  
*CEO Roundtable*

**Financial Managers Society**  
New York / New Jersey Chapter  
Stony Hill Inn  
Hackensack, NJ **February 16**  
*How Will Dodd-Frank Affect  
M&A Activity*

**American Bankers Association**  
School of Bank Marketing and  
Management  
Southern Methodist University  
Dallas, TX **May 17-24**  
*Product and Customer Profitability  
Profitability and Strategic Issues*

**Pennsylvania Bankers Association**  
PBA School of Banking  
Penn State University  
State College, PA **June 5-10**  
*Strategic Decision Making &  
Organizational Structure*

**Financial Managers Society**  
2011 Finance & Accounting Forum  
for Financial Institutions  
Boca Raton Resort  
Boca Raton, FL **June 20-21**  
*A Practical Approach to Reducing  
Non Interest Expense*

**Pennsylvania Bankers Association**  
PBA Advance School of Banking  
Penn State University  
State College, PA **July 24-29**  
*How Do Banks Make Money?*

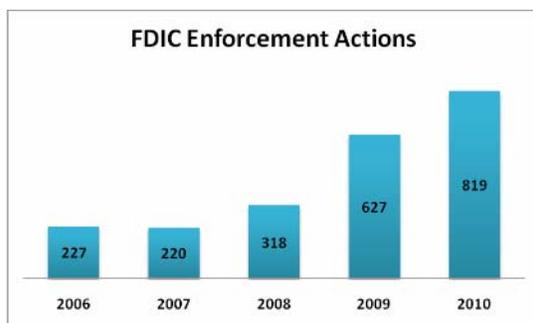
**Maryland Bankers Association**  
The Maryland Bankers School  
University of Maryland  
College Park, MD **July 24-29**  
*Bank Financial Principles*

## Are the Regulators Getting You Down?

By Jeffrey P. Marsico, Executive Vice President

I've often found these past two years extremely difficult. As consultants, we should try not to personalize engagements. But I can't change the internal wiring. Last year, a client failed, and many more received regulatory orders.

Memorandums of Understanding ("MOU"), Formal Agreements ("FA"), and Cease and Desist Orders ("C&D") have been on top of our reading list for the past two years. The stark increase in such orders has been alarming. The FDIC has nearly quadrupled its enforcement actions ("EA") over the past three years.



Many of these EAs have very similar, if not identical, provisions. Take for example the language from an FA Article relating to a strategic plan issued by the OCC to The Suffolk County National Bank of Riverhead ("SCNB") in New York on October 25, 2010:

*"The Board shall adopt, implement, and thereafter ensure Bank adherence to a written strategic plan for the Bank covering at least a three-year period. The strategic plan shall establish objectives for the Bank's overall risk profile, earnings performance, growth, balance sheet mix, loan mix, off-balance sheet activities, liability structure, capital adequacy, reduction in the volume of*

*nonperforming assets, product line development and market segments that the Bank intends to promote or develop, together with strategies to achieve those objectives..."*

Get in your time machine and go back to February 6, 2009 when the OCC issued a Consent Order to Bay National Bank in Lutherville, Maryland. It too had an Article regarding a strategic plan that read:

*"The Board must within sixty (60) days of the date of this Order, adopt, implement, and thereafter ensure Bank adherence to a written strategic plan for the Bank covering at least a three-year period. The strategic plan shall establish objectives for the Bank's overall risk profile, earnings performance, growth, balance sheet mix, off-balance sheet activities, liability structure, capital adequacy, reduction in the volume of nonperforming assets, product line development and market segments that the Bank intends to promote or develop, together with strategies to achieve those objectives..."*

So what, right? The OCC cut and paste because they wanted a similar strategic plan from both institutions. People and organizations do this all of the time.

The difference here is that SCNB has been profitable throughout the crisis, and achieved a 1.12% ROA for the third quarter 2010. Bay National failed on July 9<sup>th</sup>. In this context, is similar treatment in an EA fair?

I would vote no. There are many Articles in EAs, and the strategic planning article in the above institutions is one of many. But life, and business, is not necessarily fair. I'm not sure the lesson we should glean from the similarity of these two orders should be about fairness.

## 2011 Conferences and Conventions

**New Jersey Bankers Association  
Annual Convention**  
Fairmount  
Adventura, FL **May 11-15**

**Pennsylvania Bankers Association  
Annual Convention**  
Boca Raton Resort  
Boca Raton, FL **May 12-15**

**Maryland Bankers Association  
Annual Convention**  
The Greenbriar  
White Sulphur Spring, WV **June 5-8**

**New York Bankers Association  
Senior Management Conference**  
The Otesaga  
Cooperstown, NY **June 8-10**

**North Carolina Bankers  
Association  
Annual Convention**  
The Homestead  
Hot Springs, VA **June 11-14**

**Florida Bankers Association  
Annual Convention**  
The Ritz-Carlton Grand Lakes  
Orlando, FL **June 19-22**

**Pennsylvania Association of  
Community Bankers  
Annual Convention**  
Hyatt Regency Lake Tahoe  
Incline Village, NV **August 23-26**

**New Jersey Bankers Association  
Senior Management Conference**  
Borgota Resort  
Atlantic City, NJ **September 12-14**

**Maine Bankers Association  
Annual Convention**  
Hyatt Regency  
Montreal, Canada **September 15-18**

**North Carolina Bankers  
Association  
Management Team Conference**  
Pinehurst Resort  
Pinehurst, NC **October 16-18**

**American Bankers Association  
Annual Convention**  
Grand Hyatt  
San Antonio, TX **October 23-26**

**New York Bankers Association  
Annual Convention**  
Waldorf Astoria  
New York, NY **November 9-11**



The productive view about the similarity of EAs is why haven't we been doing some of the things required by regulators in the first place? Why do many, if not most of these orders contain Articles relating to strategic and capital plans?

Banking is a highly regulated industry, and has been since the Great Depression. Regulators must approve our initial business plans, capital plans, and various other operating procedures prior to granting a charter. Once granted, regulators examine us at least annually, and frequently more often, to ensure we are complying with the myriads of laws and regulations designed to promote safety and soundness. They used to approve interest rates and limit products.

Given the highly regulated environment, bankers are kept in a tight box of things they can and can't do. So why develop a strategy? Budgets have successfully served as strategy the past three generations, haven't they?

In the context of EAs, I don't believe regulators are compelling bankers to develop strategic plans to identify a competitive advantage, to differentiate from other banks, or to build a roadmap to the future. When we read between the lines of EAs, we see regulators looking to tighten the box, remove gray areas, and exert greater control by requiring banks to seek permission to deviate from the plan.

But that should not stop those operating under EAs from taking maximum advantage of the consulting and advisory dollars they are required to spend. If required to develop a strategic plan, why don't banks assess the competitive environment and build a vision and plan for their sustainable future? Similarly and almost complementary, the capital plan should be a component of bank strategy. How much capital will the bank need to execute the plan? What are the preferred and secondary sources of capital?

Imagine a bank that seeks to grow organically by positioning itself as a small business expert within its communities. This will drive products, risk appetite, credit decisions, strategic alliances, training, and capital requirements, to name a few. Perhaps the bank would like to pay higher than market dividend yields because their investor base enjoys dividends. So growth can only be partly funded by retained earnings.

Planning for this, perhaps the bank can establish dividend re-investment plans and employee stock ownership plans to enhance capital. In this context, the bank decides what it wants to be, and sets strategy to accomplish it. We don't need the OCC to tell us that!

A third Article that is oft repeated in EAs is a management study, requiring the bank to hire a consultant to evaluate the board, senior management, and/or staffing levels. Strategic plans, capital plans, and management studies are our top three regulatory-mandated engagements over the past two years. So if these appear in your EA, fear not. They are appearing in many.

Similar to strategic and capital plans, why not take advantage of the required management study expenditure to determine if you have the right team in place to execute your strategy and succeed into the future? We understand that management studies are not particularly comfortable. But, since you are required to undertake one, why not make it as beneficial to the future of your bank as it can be? You have a good idea what team members might be holding you down. Chances are the outside advisors will discover it too, and perhaps find some diamonds in the rough!

The level of regulatory activism is greater today than at any other time in the past 20 years. The political climate is exasperating the situation and creating uncertainty. Amidst our efforts to avoid or get out of enforcement actions, perhaps we should take advantage of the required introspection to determine a strategy that improves our competitive position and sustains our future.

TKG, as part of our consulting and advisory engagements, frequently evaluates our industry, its trends, successes, and challenges. We are pleased to share our thoughts with you, our valued clients and friends, in the form of this periodic newsletter. If you would like to discuss anything further, or learn more about our performance measurement, strategic planning, profit/process improvement, regulatory assistance or financial advisory services, please call us at (973) 299-0300 or visit us at [www.kafafiangroup.com](http://www.kafafiangroup.com).